



Webinar - Monitoring fish in a context of offshore wind farm development

04/04/2025





Lydie Couturier – *France Energies Marines*



Mathieu Woillez – *Ifremer*



Jan Reubens – *VLIZ*



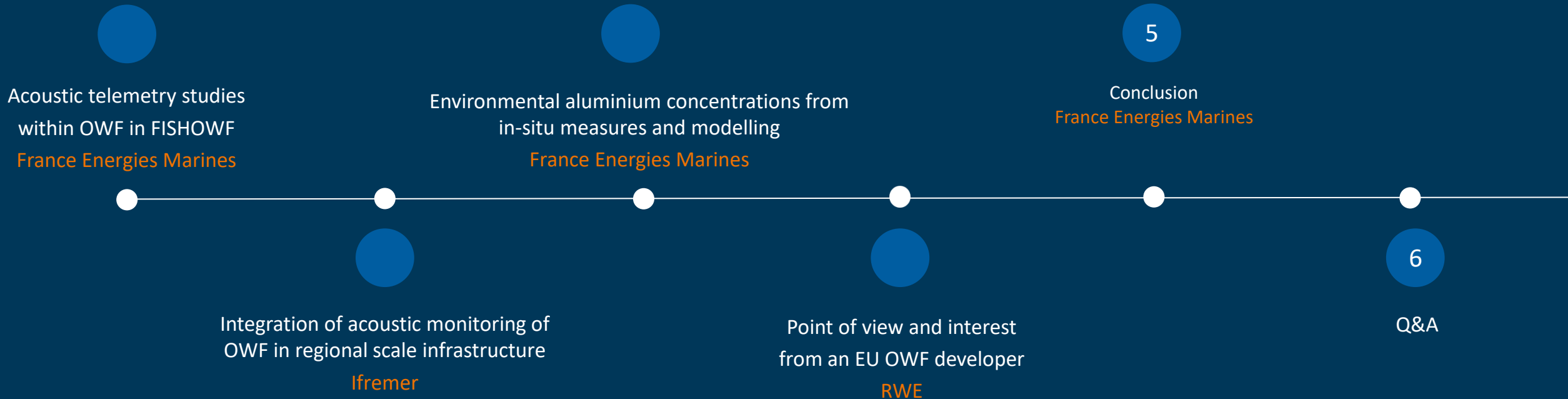
Laura Iborra & Umberto Binetti – *RWE*



Agenda

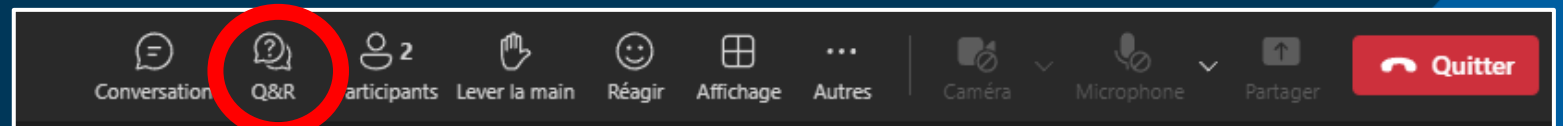
Duration: 1h

~45 min of presentation and 15 min of questions



"Q&R" or "Q&A" to ask questions that will be addressed during Q&A session

OWF = offshore wind farm



Zoom meeting control bar with the following items from left to right: Conversation, Q&R (highlighted with a red circle), Participants (2), Lever la main, Réagir, Affichage, Autres, Caméra, Microphone, Partager, and a red Quitter button.

Acoustic telemetry studies within OWF in FISHOWF

Lydie Couturier, France Energies Marines

OWF = offshore wind farm

Addressing environmental stakes of offshore windfarm (OWF) development: What about fish communities?

©M.H Andersson 2011

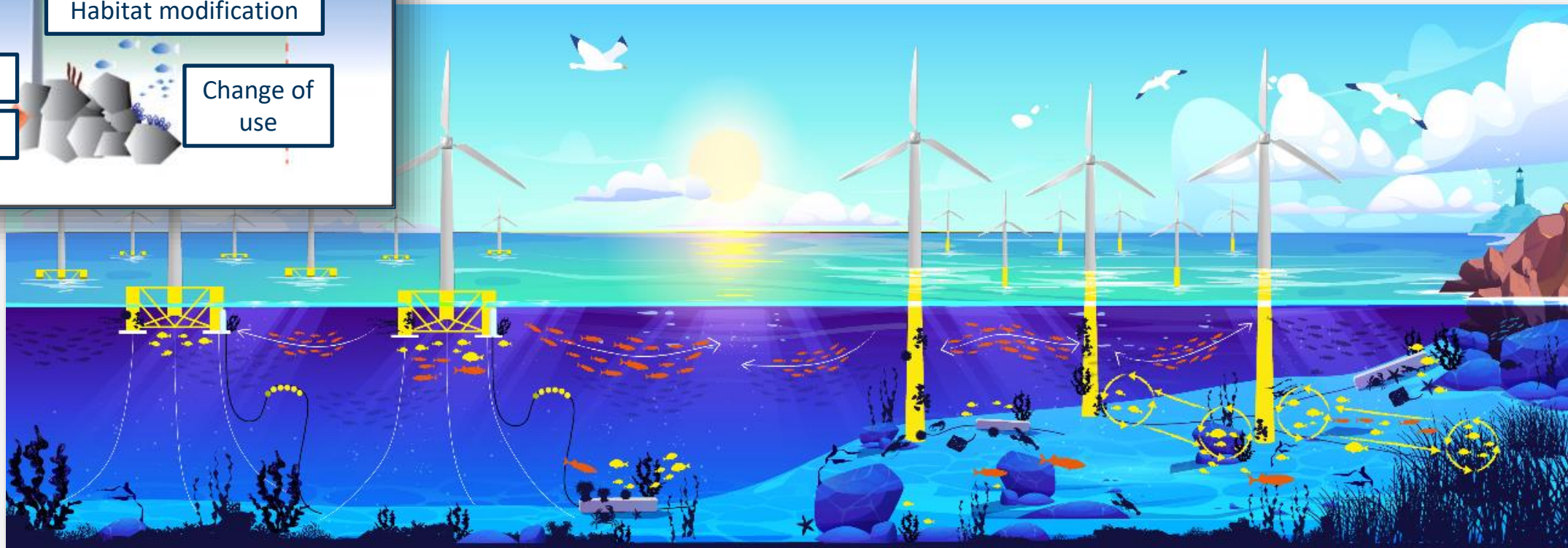


Noise emissions

Electromagnetic fields

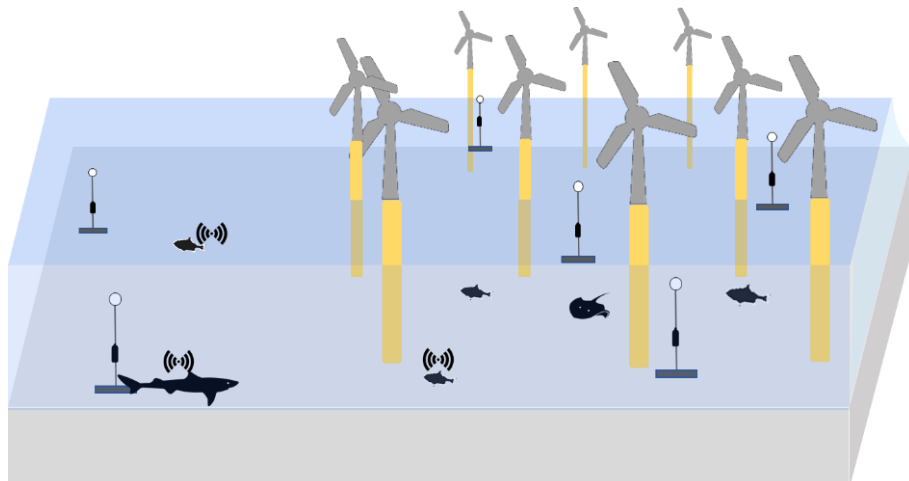
Habitat modification

Change of use



Detecting and evaluating effects of OWF on fish requires improved ecological knowledge

- Limitations of reglementary fishing survey
- Need for adapted methods to monitor habitat use and movements of fish
- Integration of OWF into large-scale monitoring



OWF = offshore wind farm

FISH^{OWF}

2021-2024

Effective monitoring strategies to identify and evaluate effects of offshore wind farms and their export cable on fish and large crustaceans

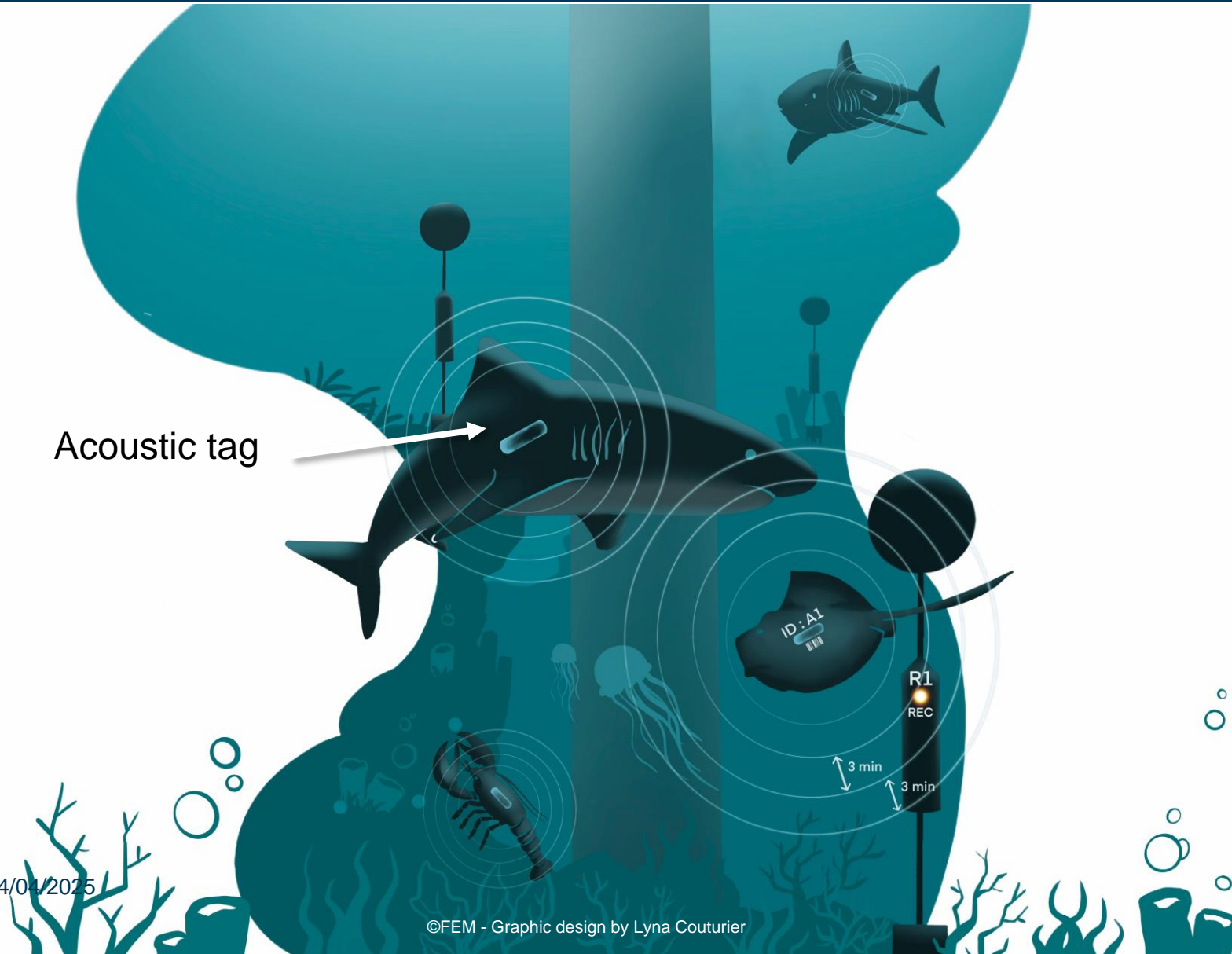
- Multiscale monitoring applied to OWF
- Electro-sensitive species with different mobility strategies

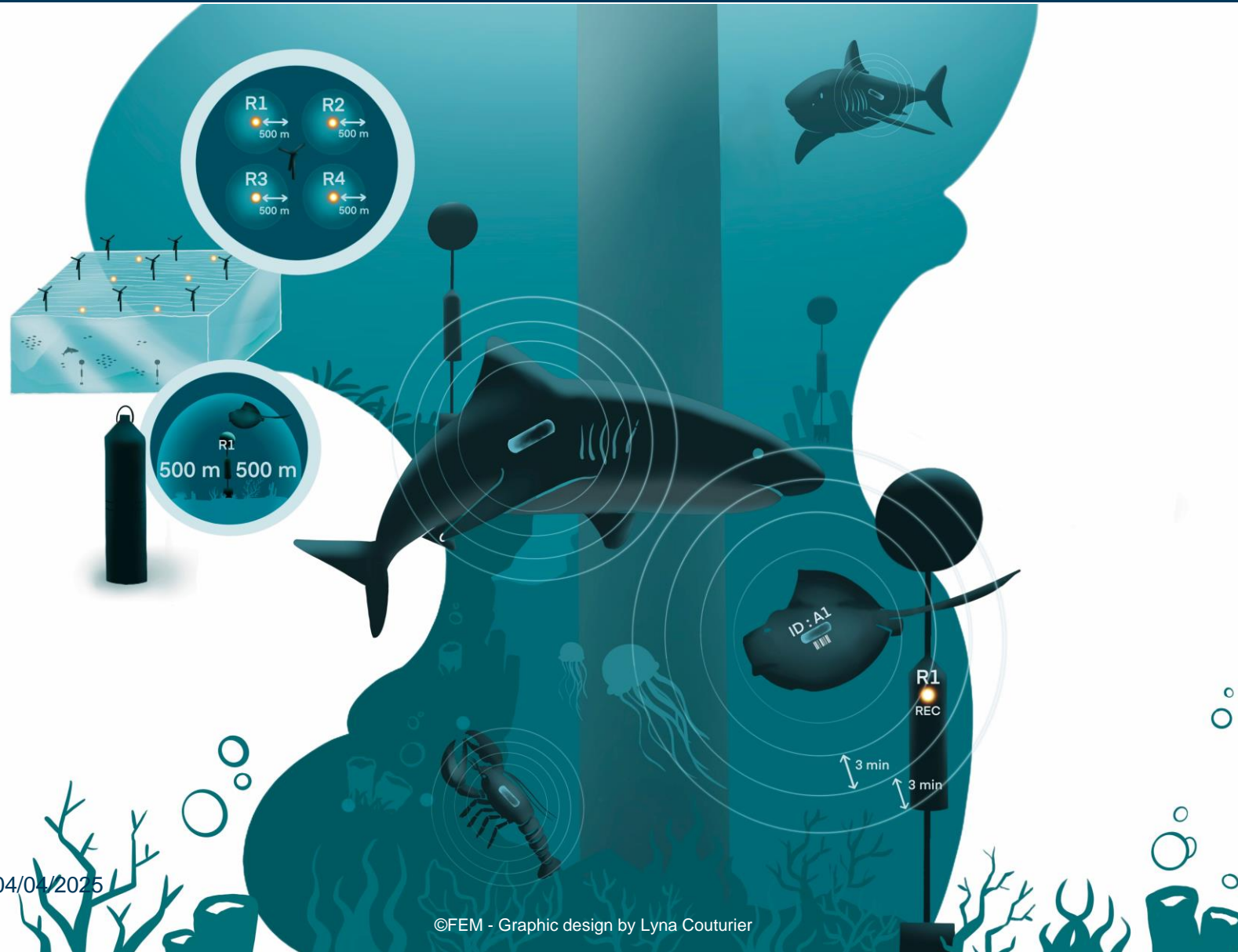


Receiver



Acoustic tag



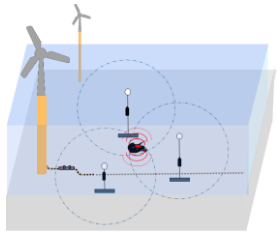






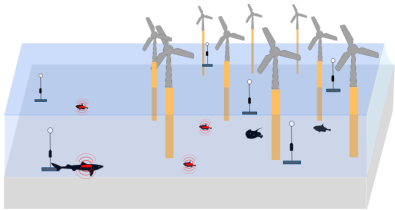
©Valentin Danet

Multi-scale approach



FINE SCALE

3D movements of fish around OWF structures



LOCAL SCALE

Occupancy patterns of fish within OWF

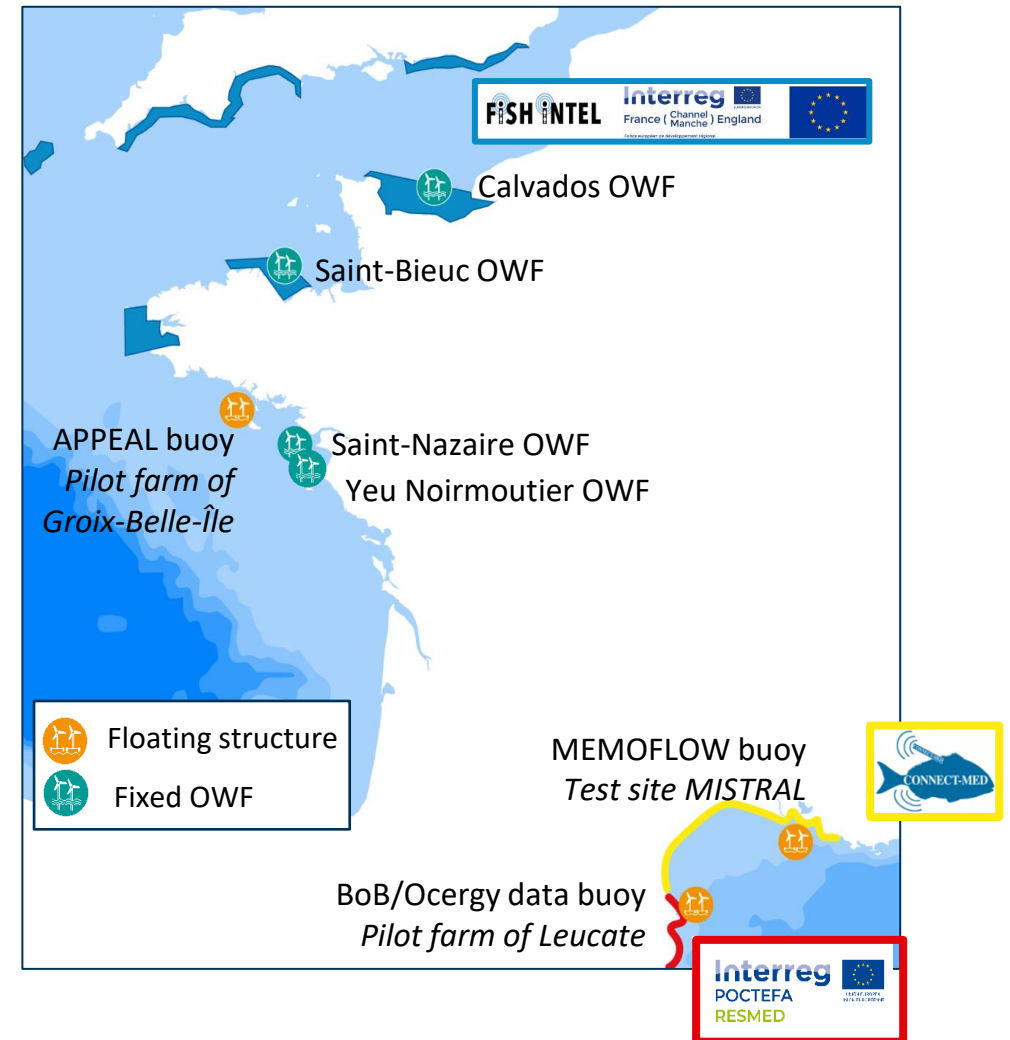


REGIONAL SCALE

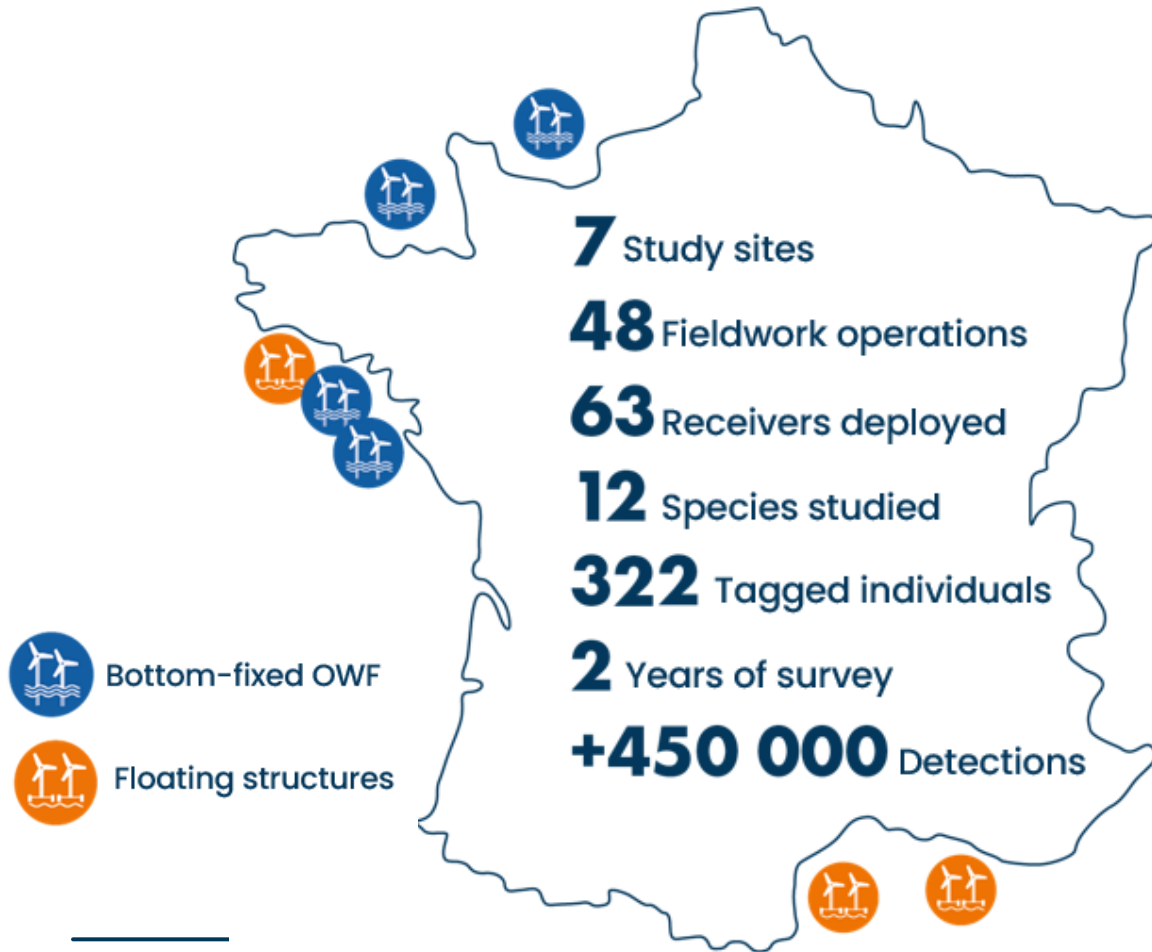
Fish movements and habitat connectivity across OWF sites



Study sites

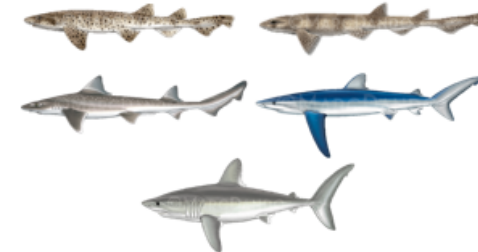


Project extent



Targeted species

Sharks



© Marc Dando

Rays



© Marc Dando

Fish

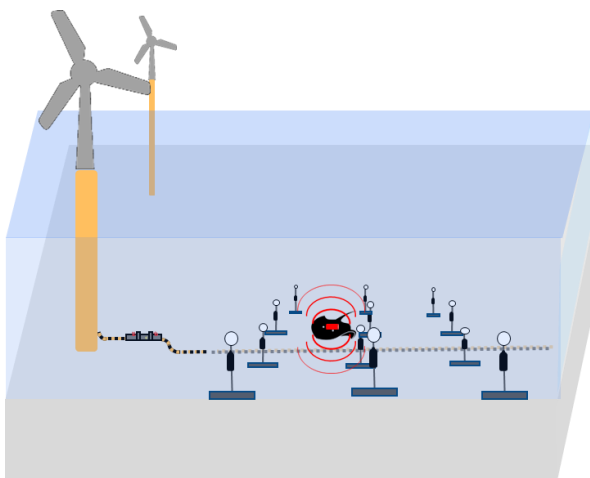


Crustacean

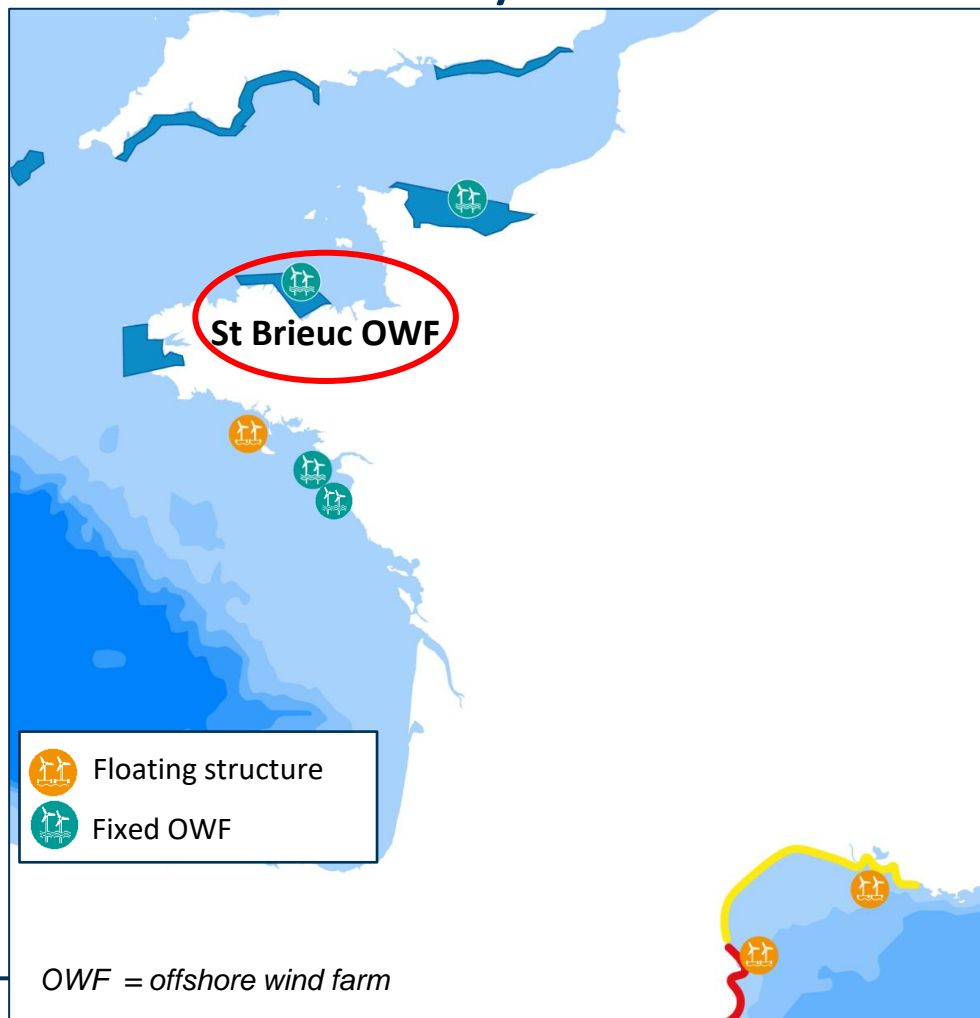


Method

Multilateral acoustic telemetry
(0,25km² HD area)
Acoustic tags with pressure sensor,
~30 " ping interval



Study site



Target species

Channel/Atlantic area

Sedentary/territorial electro-sensitive sp.

2 elasmobranchs species

- *Small spotted dogfish*



- *Undulate ray*

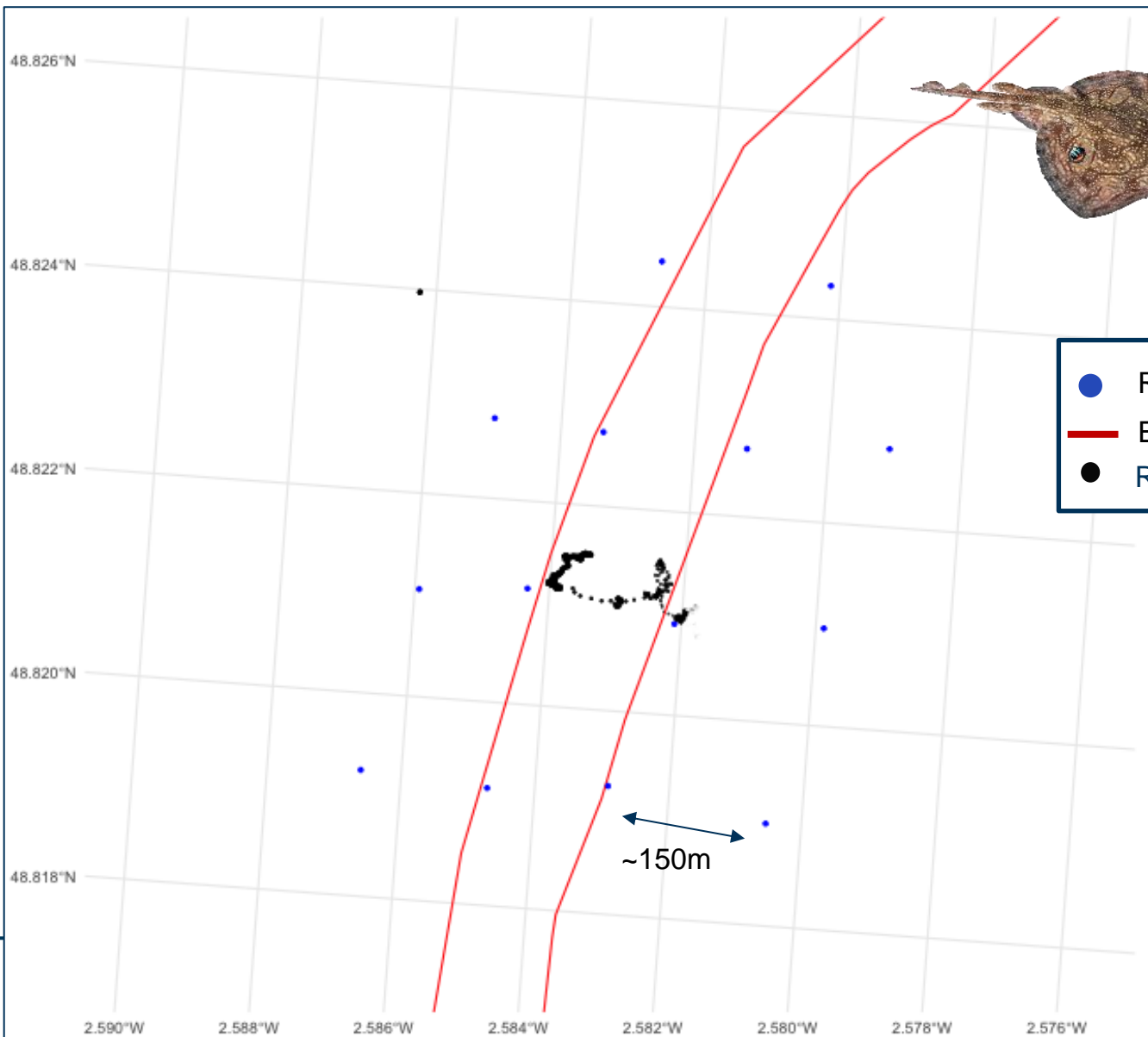
40 tagged indiv



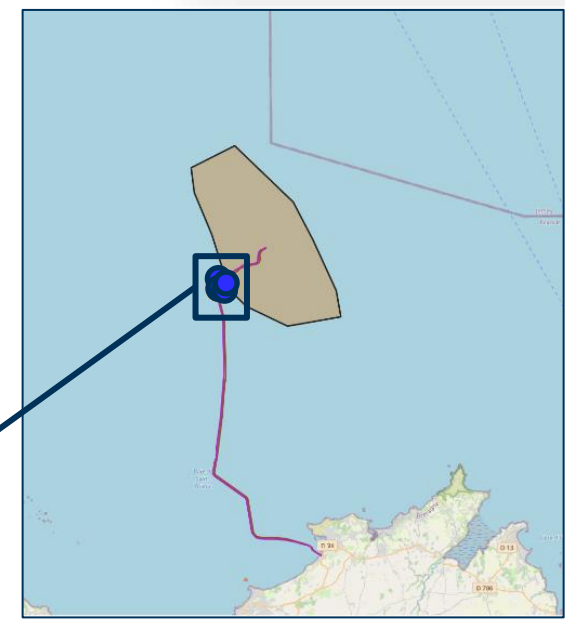
FINE SCALE

3D movements around an OWF export power cable

FISH

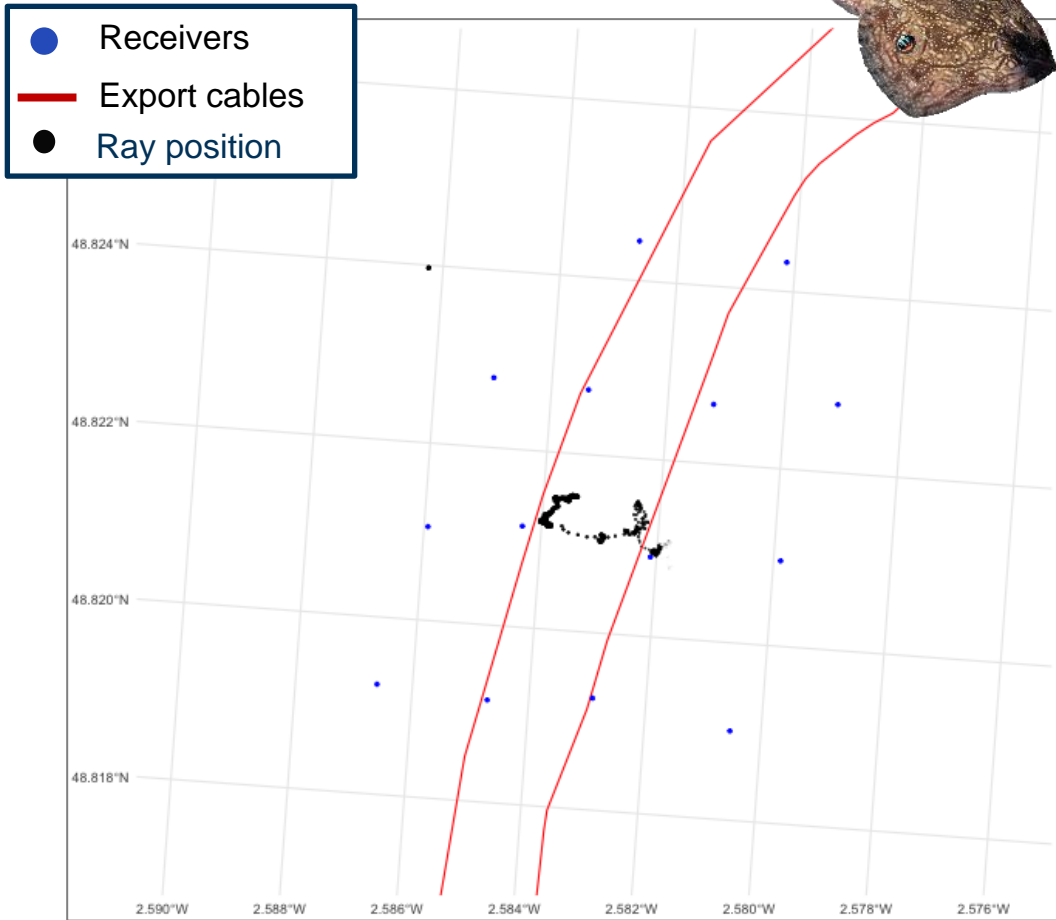


- Receivers
- Export cables
- Ray position

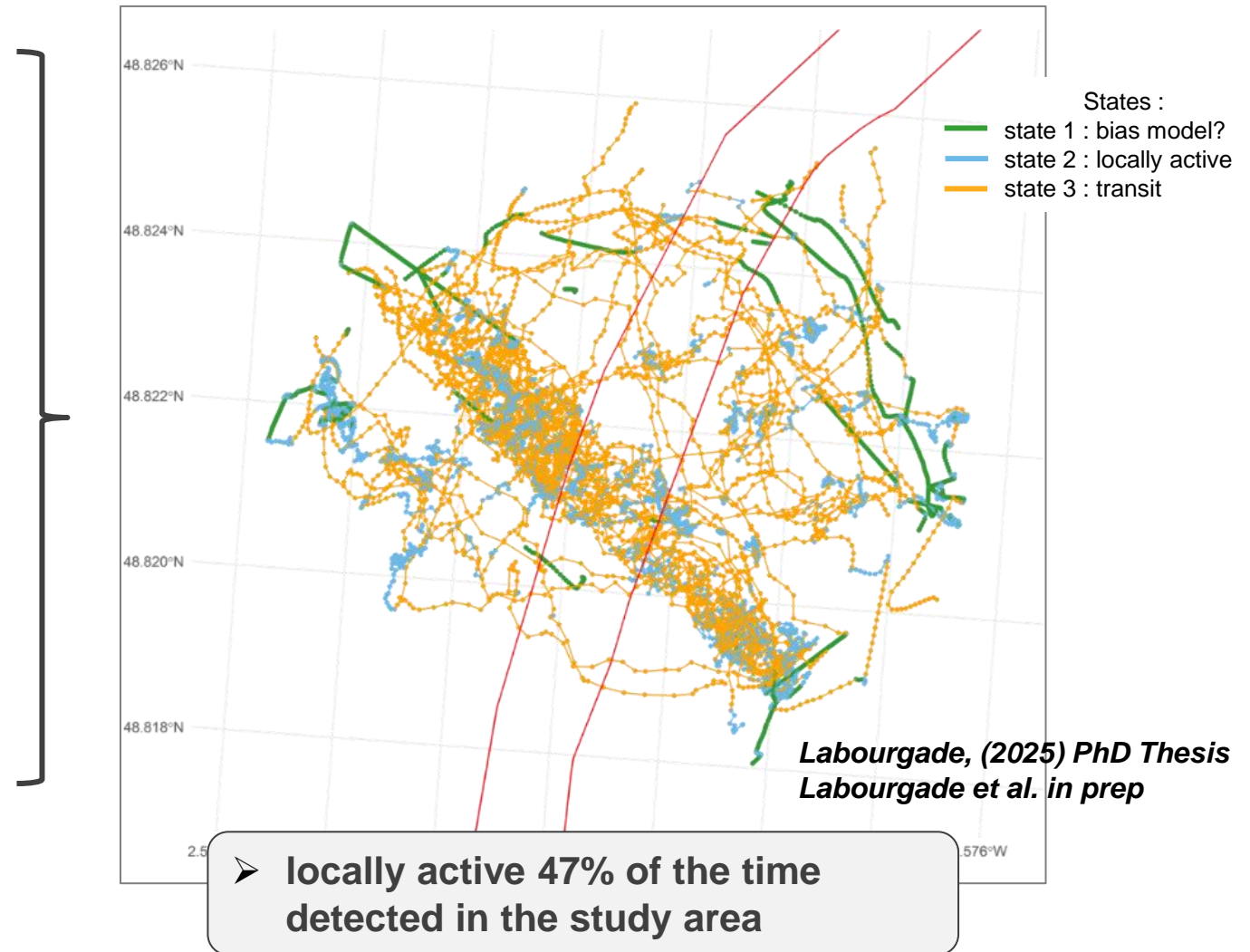


*Labourgade, (2025) PhD Thesis
Labourgade et al. in prep*

Positions and movements of the individual:

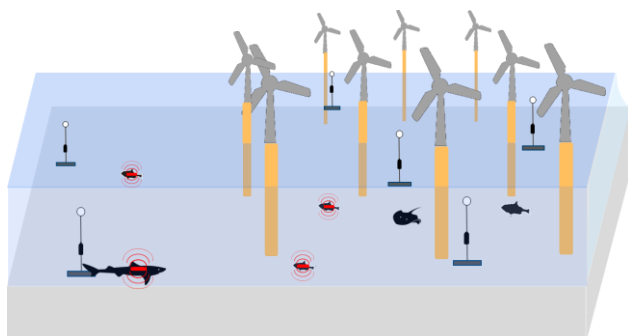


Characterisation of the individual's behavior using modelling:

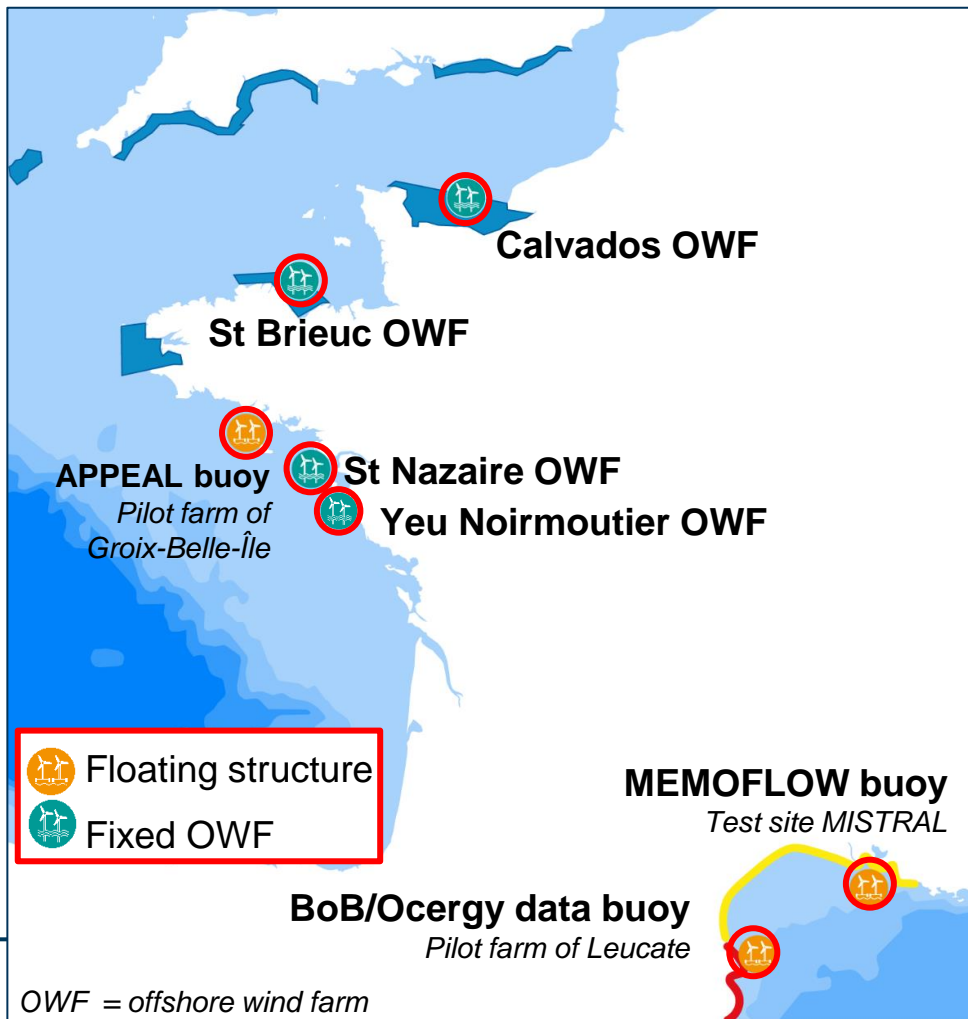


Method

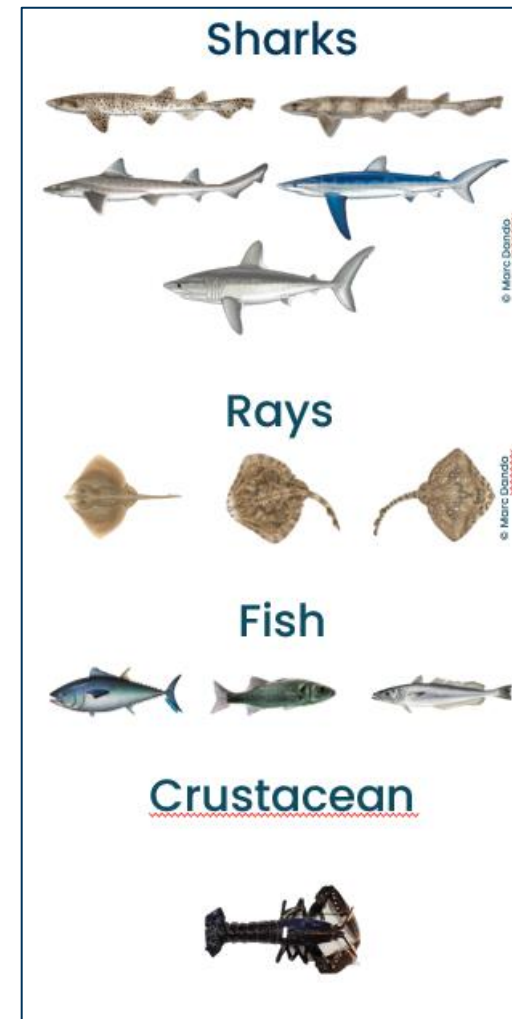
Passive acoustic telemetry array within OWF



Study sites

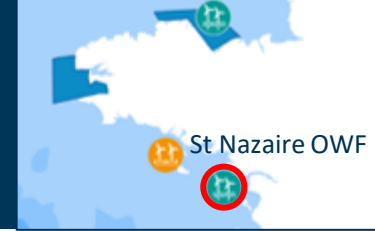


Target species



LOCAL SCALE

Fish occupancy patterns and movements within OWF

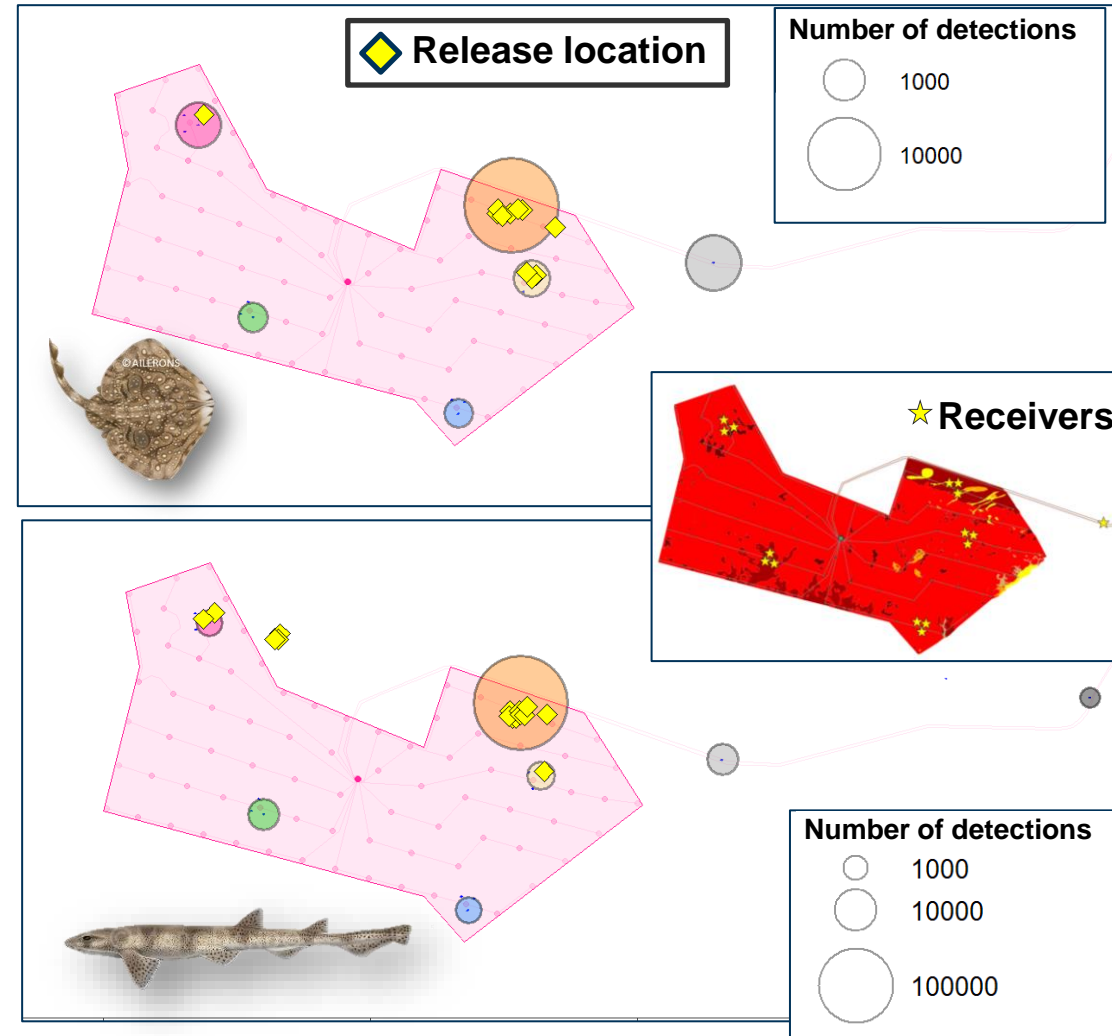
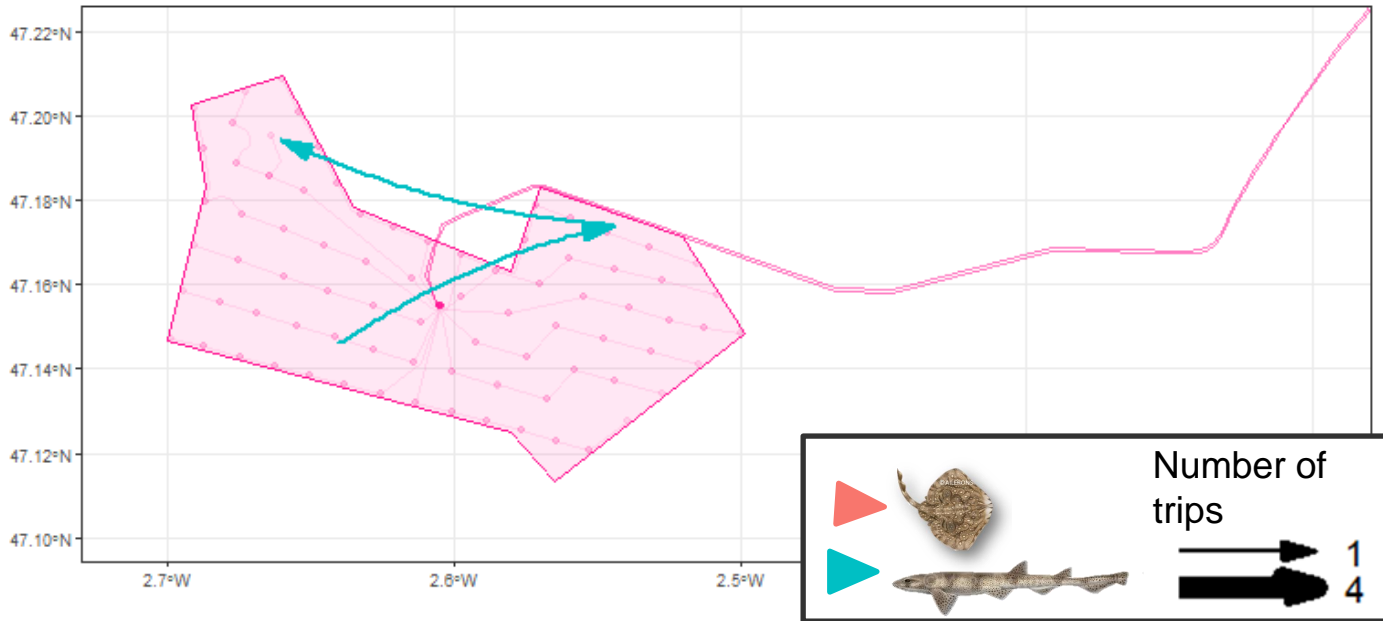


Key results– St Nazaire

Undulate rays and small spotted dogfish use the OWF

- High occupancy around a monopile placed on a sandy/gravel substrate with scour protection
- The 2 species move around the OWF
- Lower presence in winter

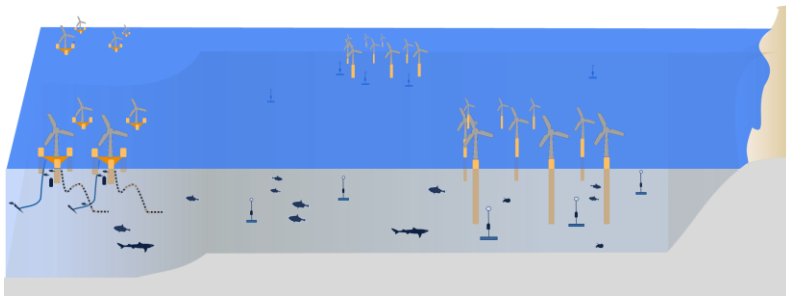
2022-08



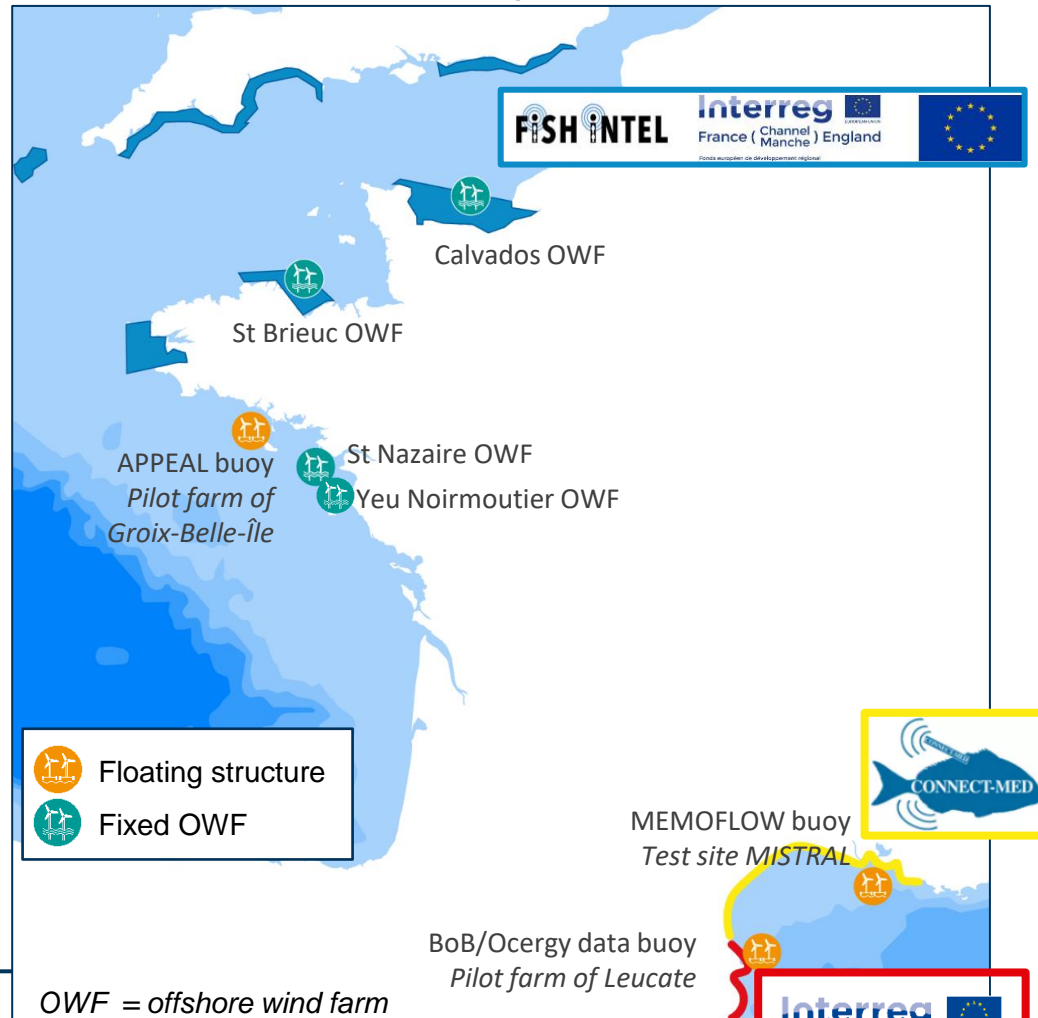
OWF = offshore wind farm

Method

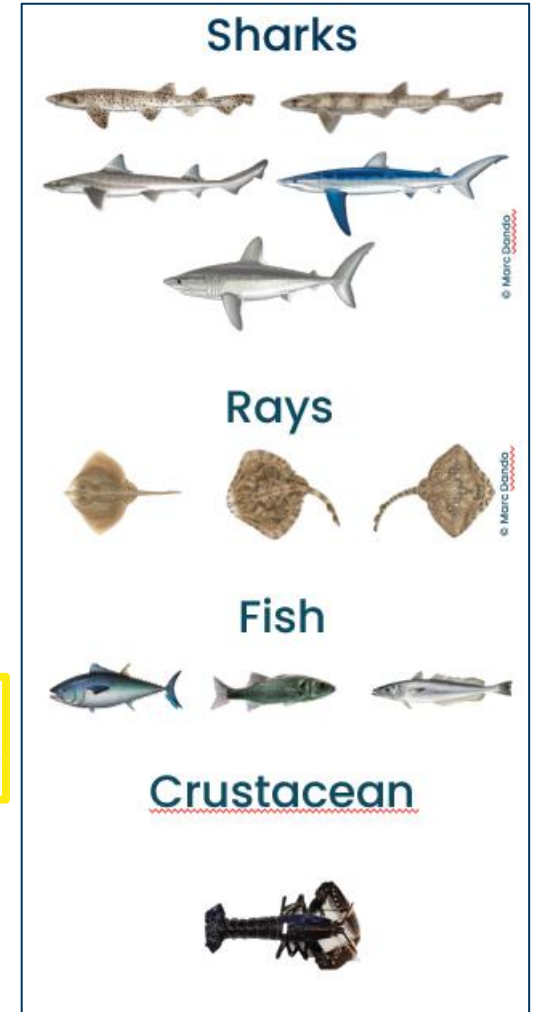
Integration into regional acoustic telemetry networks



Study sites



Target species



REGIONAL SCALE

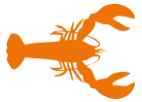
Movements and habitat connectivity across OWF



Porbeagle sharks tagged off Brittany travelled to the St Brieuc OWF and off the UK coast



A starry smooth-hound tagged in the St Nazaire OWF travelled to the Yeu-Noirmoutier OWF



A lobster tagged in the Yeu-Noirmoutier OWF, travelled to the St Nazaire OWF



A sea bass tagged off Brittany detected at the St Nazaire OWF



Bluefin tuna tagged in the UK detected in the St Brieuc OWF

