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R&D Project FISHOWF+ Investigating interactions between fish and offshore wind farms

MOTIVATION & BACKGROUND

Considering the ecological functions and socio-economic importance of fish, species responses to offshore wind farms (OWF) need to be assessed through comprehensive and long-term monitoring. The FISHOWF R&D project, completed in 2023, demonstrated the relevance of acoustic telemetry for monitoring the effects of offshore wind farms on fish.

Building on this, the FISHOWF+ project will implement this technology in 6 offshore wind farms (both fixed and floating) across 3 French maritime regions to address several key questions related to fish presence and behaviour within and across wind farm development areas.

OBJECTIVES

- Characterise the interactions between fish and offshore wind farms and their export cables at multiple spatial scales through an *in situ* monitoring approach based on acoustic telemetry
- Promote and facilitate the integration of acoustic telemetry into national marine environment monitoring strategies
- Integrate France's monitoring efforts and results into European collaborations to assess the effects of offshore wind farm development on fish movements in the North-East Atlantic

Duration: 36 months | Start: 2024 | Total budget: €4,053K

DELIVERABLES

- Methodological tools and guidelines for the implementation of acoustic telemetry as a strategy for monitoring fish within wind farms
- Co-constructed roadmap for the development and maintenance of a national acoustic telemetry infrastructure that includes OWF
- Identification of *in situ* movements and behaviour of electrosensitive species near subsystems emitting electromagnetic fields
- Key insights into species-habitat relationships at different phases of the wind farm lifecycle
- Knowledge on regional connectivity and functional areas of species contributing to informing marine spatial planning
- Predictive model of fish movements providing insights into the potential overlap between offshore wind farms and species' essential habitats



SCOPE OF WORK

1. Stakeholder engagement and transferability

- Promoting telemetry tools for risk mitigation
- Knowledge sharing and perspectives
- Advocating for acoustic telemetry integration

2. Understanding impacts at different stages of OWF lifecycle

- Tagging species of interest across different French Facades
- Deploying acoustic arrays within OWF areas
- General analysis and biological interpretation on impacts of OWF on space use and occupancy patterns of fish

3. Free-swimming fish behaviour near EMF-emitting subsystems

- Tagging electrosensitive species
- Deploying dedicated multilateral acoustic telemetry arrays and data collection
- Detecting fine-scale 3D movements of electrosensitive species around two EMF-emitting OWF structures

4. Role of OWF on regional dynamics of fish ecology

- Inferring fish movements using geolocation models
- Building a trajectory simulation tool to infer population level-fish space use and movements: a sea bass case study
- Assessing the connectivity between OWF sites
- Transfer of new ecological data to ecosystem-based modelling

5. Northeast Atlantic Marine Tracking Network (NorTrack)

- Integration to European partnership : infrastructure, data management, communication

6. Digital Twin of the Ocean: Animal Tracking (DTO Track)

- Contributing to digital twinning of animal tracking at EU scale



Fig. Conceptual illustration of passive acoustic telemetry methodology. Acoustic tags are placed on or within individual fish and crustaceans. Credit: ©FEM – Graphic creation by Lyna Couturier

PARTNERS

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